



MOSSHEAD PRIMARY SCHOOL

Attainment, Achievement & Equity for All

Framework to Ensure Wellbeing

1.0 Rationale

Achieving Equity and Excellence for all learners in Mosshead Primary School is our central aim. Each of the two complementary frameworks: Raising Attainment and Wellbeing, provide clear guidance to ensure that these aims are met.

This Framework sets out the pathway that children follow to develop wellbeing in our school. Wellbeing is central to our school vision, values and aims.

Our Vision is for:

- Our children to be happy, enthusiastic, confident, motivated, responsible and ultimately well prepared for the demands of life in the 21 st Century.
- A positive ethos which encourages belief in success and being all that you can be.
- Strong partnership within our school community, through active stake holder engagement, to provide opportunities for ongoing success.
- A global approach within school life which embraces all cultures.

Values

The Mosshead School community promotes and upholds the following shared values.

- A strong moral compass which promotes integrity, care, trust and honesty.
- A healthy self-respect and respect for others
- A belief in achievement for all

These values encapsulate the views and ethos of our school community.

Aims

Our school community is guided in our sense of purpose and direction through our School Aims. These are summarised as follows:-

- Highly effective learning and teaching
- High standards of achievement
- A rich experiential, stimulating curriculum
- Independent learning
- Positive partnerships
- Equality for all
- Effective leadership
- A commitment to quality and excellence



2.0 Context



The Children and Young People (Scotland) Act 2014 sets out responsibilities and statutory duties of staff working with children and families. Fundamental to these is a clear understanding of wellbeing and how this is developed, supported and safeguarded.

Other relevant policies which relate to wellbeing are Child Protection, Anti-Bullying and Promoting Positive Attitudes and Relationships.

3.0 Named Person

NHS and the Education Service must provide a Named Person Service to each child and young person. Named Persons must have the necessary skills, experience and training to fulfil their role and be familiar with the Common Core of Skills, Knowledge & Understanding and Values for the 'Children's Workforce' in Scotland. Health Visitors provide this service to pre-school children. In Mosshead Primary School the Named Person is the Headteacher but some duties may be delegated to the Depute Headteachers. It is national policy for organisations to make the Named Person service available, but there is no obligation for children and young people or parents to accept any offer of advice or support from the Named Person.

4.0 Wellbeing

Staff undertaking Named Person duties help to ensure that the Education Service fulfils its statutory responsibilities, however all staff have a responsibility to provide children with personal support to enable them to gain as much as possible from the opportunities Curriculum for Excellence provides.

We improve outcomes by ensuring that our work is underpinned by a shared understanding of wellbeing and in the dignity and worth of every individual (How Good Is Our School 4, 3.1). We ensure equity of access and operate a continuum of support within the national Getting it Right For Every Child approach. This approach, based on the United Nations Convention for the Rights of the Child, is:

- Child focussed, ensuring that the child and family are at the heart of decisions and supports;
- Based on a holistic understanding of wellbeing:
- Early interventions to tackle needs as soon as they appear; and
- Joined up, to ensure services work together.

5.0 Ethos, Relationships and Nurturing Principles

At Mosshead Primary school all staff ensure that children are safe, healthy, achieving, nurtured, active, respected, responsible and included. We do this by developing positive and supportive relationships that are founded on a climate of mutual respect within a strong sense of community, shared values and high expectations.

Nurturing Principles impact positively on wellbeing and attainment in schools and we strive to provide a safe and nurturing learning environment for learners. Nurturing Principles are at the heart of our school's approach to wellbeing.

The nurturing principles are:

- Children's learning is understood developmentally
- The classroom/playroom offers a safe base
- Nurture is important for the development of wellbeing



- Language is a vital means of communication
- All behaviour is communication
- Transitions are important in children's lives

All our learners are included, engaged and involved in the life of the school. Staff at Mosshead Primary School are expected to challenge discrimination in all its forms. Our school's ethos encompasses these key principles and all of our staff actively ensure that children experience a positive, welcoming and safe environment. This may require reasonable adjustments to the curriculum or physical environment for children with a disability.

6.0 The Wellbeing Pathway: A Continuum of Support from Universal to Targeted

6.1 Universal Support

It is the entitlement of every child to be supported throughout their early education, formal education and onwards to adulthood. Curricular experiences are planned by our staff according to the Curriculum for Excellence design principles of:

- Challenge and enjoyment, breadth
- Progression
- Depth
- Personalisation and choice
- Coherence
- Relevance.

Using these principles, our teachers plan experiences and assess progress in learning, and for most From time to time, however, some of our learners may experience children this is sufficient. developmental or environmental difficulties which impact on their ability to learn.

'Differentiation involves adapting learning, teaching and assessment to meet the learning needs of individual children. It is not a single approach but includes a number of elements, for example modifying content, processes and products, or the wider learning environment. It is an integral part of learning and teaching.'

Education Scotland Knowledge into Action, 2015

Within Mosshead Primary School, our teachers provide a clear, structured pathway for learners using the following differentiated approaches:

- Modifying Content use of learning materials at different levels
- Modifying Process varying the length of time children take to complete a task
- Modifying Product giving children choice in how to express ideas or required learning
- Modifying Learning Environment giving children areas to work which suit their learning styles

Staff record differentiated approaches in their short and long term plans and ensure that the results of differentiation are clearly documented within evaluations of teaching and learning. All staff engage in formal and informal professional dialogue to ensure that learners' experiences are well managed. This may involve consultation, professional learning or access to specialist support.

Where intended progress does not take place, a wellbeing assessment will be undertaken.

- 6.2 Wellbeing Assessment/ Targeted Support

All pupils who are considered for Targeted Support, access this through our Pupil Support Group. All assessments to determine the need for Targeted Support fully involve the views of the child and parents and are carried out using the 'What I Think' tool.

The Senior Management Team oversee the Wellbeing Pathway by:

- Reviewing the information contained within the Wellbeing Assessment.
- Ensuring that the 5 Key GIRFEC Questions are answered
 - What is getting in the way of this child or young person's wellbeing?
 - o Do I have all the information I need to help this child or young person?
 - What can I do now to help this child or young person?
 - o What can my agency do to help this child or young person?
 - o What additional help, if any, may be needed from others?
- Arranging Team Around the Child (TAC) meeting dates.
- Accessing Requests for Assistance as appropriate.
- Ensuring a wellbeing support plan with targets, actions and timescales is drawn up and shared with staff, parents and pupils as appropriate.

Where barriers to learning are more complex the Team Around the Child would:

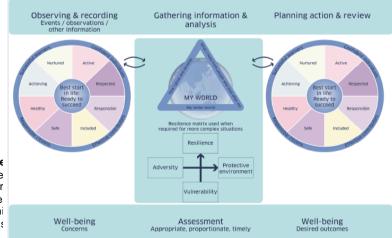
- Consider whether support needs are single or multi-agency
- Consider whether a multi-agency chronology is needed
- Consider whether there is a need for a Lead Professional
- Consider whether there is a need for a Child's Plan

- 6.3 National Practice Model

Where wellbeing concerns are complex, the Team Around the Child will require a more holistic view of the factors impacting on a child's development. A full assessment using the National Practice Model is then completed to show strengths and pressures impacting on wellbeing. In most cases where there is a high level of need, risk and vulnerability, a Lead Professional from Social Work will be appointed, however there may be times when a Lead Professional from another agency, including Education is appropriate.

The National Practice Model contains tools of varying complexity which staff use to ensure information on wellbeing is gathered and analysed, resulting in SMART targets which are planned and reviewed. The tools are:

- The Wellbeing Indicators
- My World Triangle
- Resilience Matrix
- National Risk Assessment Framework



UNCRC article links

the child), Article 4 (implementation of the , survival and development), Article 8 (protection and of expression), Article 14 (freedom of thought, belief protection from violence, abuse and neglect), Article 1), Article 30 (children from minority or indigenous



6.4 Child's Plan

There are two main considerations in deciding if a child requires a Child's Plan. The first is that the child must be assessed as having a wellbeing need relating to one of the wellbeing indicators. The second relates to what support is thought to be necessary to meet the wellbeing need. A statutory Child's Plan is required only when the wellbeing need cannot be met, or fully met, without one or more 'targeted interventions'. The views of the child and family are central to all stages of the assessment and planning process. The Team around the Child must also consider the need for any other statutory planning requirements that apply to the child's needs, for example a Coordinated Support Plan or Looked After Plan.

7.0 Information Sharing in Relation to Named Person Service

The principle of considering the wellbeing of the child or young person and seeking consent to share information to address wellbeing needs should remain a cornerstone of GIRFEC policy. Only in exceptional circumstances should information be shared without consent. Staff work in partnership with children and parents to seek views, where appropriate and manage personal and sensitive information. Staff at Mosshead Primary School understand that any information sharing in relation to child planning can and should continue to operate in accordance with the existing legal framework and guidance on data sharing, human rights and children's rights, including the Data Protection Act 1998 and the Human Rights Act 1998. They ensure the information they share is proportionate and follow Guidance contained in the Information Sharing Protocol.

8.0 Child Protection Processes

Where children are at risk of serious or imminent harm Child Protection processes apply. Staff follow Guidance¹ and refer concerns to Social Work and/or the Police without delay. The Named Person must be informed of Child Protection procedures but this must not delay action.

9.0 Pupil Support Groups/Support for All

- 9.1 Core Functions

The Core functions of a Pupil Support Group are to:

- 1. Discuss the needs of all children and young people who are experiencing wellbeing difficulties;
- 2. Prioritise the most vulnerable children including those who are
 - Subject to Child Protection activity;

¹ Child Protection Policy (Education)



www.eastdunbarton.gov.uk

- Looked After, including those subject to formal kinship care;
- Disadvantaged through environmental risk factors including poverty;
- Young Carers;
- In informal kinship care arrangements;
- At risk of exclusion; and/or have
- Poor attendance
- 3. Develop effective collaborations within the group which lead to improved actions and outcomes for pupils;
- 4. Discuss and agree appropriate support strategies, plan the implementation of the agreed strategies and monitor progress;
- 5. Plan for effective transitions, including the transfer of data from Named Person to Named Person;
- 6. Identify where needs cannot be met at a local level and refer to the appropriate authority GIRFEC group;
- 7. Develop collaborative reporting to support referrals on to the authority;
- 8. Contribute to the process of improvement planning; and
- 9. Quality assure processes.

9.2 Membership and Roles

Staff undertaking Name Person Service functions are core members of School Pupil Support Groups as shown overleaf.



Early Years	Primary	Secondary			
Head of Centre/ASN Coordinator	Head Teacher	Depute Head Teacher (Pupil			
(Partnerships)	Depute Head Teacher	Support)			
Head Teacher or Depute Head	Bepate Head Teacher	Support,			
Teacher (Local Authority)					
 oversees the running and administration of the group arranges to minute the outcomes links with partners 	 oversees the running and administration of the group arranges to minute the outcomes links with partners ensures effective communication of information within group and to other school staff 	 oversees the running and administration of the group arranges to minute the outcomes links with partners ensures effective communication of information within the group and with the school 			
Health Visitor	Link Educational Psychologist	Link Educational Psychologist			
 advises and supports group links with partners 	offers consultation to the group and may become involved in intervention, assessment or research	offers consultation to the group and may become involved in intervention, assessment or research			
	Educational Support Teacher offers advice to the group and	PT Pupil Support or SfL informs the group and supports			
	may be involved in further planned interventions	and implement any actions with colleagues			
	Staff members with a particular	Designated or individual			
	support for learning remit/role	members of guidance team			
	informs the group and develops	represents and liaises with			
	and implements Support Plans with the support of colleagues	colleagues or represents the needs of their particular guidance group			
Wider Membership	Wider Membership	Wider Membership			
(as appropriate following	(as appropriate following	(as appropriate following			
invitation)	invitation)	invitation)			
Supporting Families Worker	Support for Learning Assistants	Individual Guidance Teachers			
Early Level Support Teacher	Community Police	D.H.T with year group			
	Medical Services	responsibility			
And any other service as	Attendance Officer	Attendance Officer			
appropriate	Link from Secondary	Medical Services			
	Link from Early Years Supporting Families Worker WSS	Community Police Skills Development Scotland Link from cluster primaries Voluntary agencies			
	And any other service as appropriate	Learning Locality Development Officer			



•					
	And	any	other	service	as
	appro	priate			

9.3 Referral Processes and Information Management

Pupil Support Group Agendas

- Consider new cases which will require
 - Targeted Support
 - Targeted Intervention leading to Child's Plan
- Screen existing cases
- Thematically review cases
- Quality Assure Processes

New Cases

- New cases will be considered
 - o following the completion of agreed differentiation procedures at class level and where no improvement has been demonstrated
 - o as a consequence of a request for assessment from a parent.
 - o where preventative action may reduce the likelihood of a situation escalating
 - o where a pupil is at risk of formal exclusion
 - o to review provision for Looked After children (see Joint Protocol)
 - o where Requests for Assistance, including access to specialist resources, may be required
 - o for consideration of a Child's Plan or CSP

Operational Protocols

- All meetings are solution oriented
- When considering new cases Named Persons use the 5 key questions
 - o What is getting in the way of this child or young person's well-being?
 - o Do I have all the information I need to help this child or young person?
 - What can I do now to help this child or young person?
 - What can my agency do to help this child or young person?
 - What additional help, if any, may be needed from others?
- Relevant proformas and documentation are circulated to Pupil Support Group members at least one week in advance of the meeting
- The Risk Matrix is the main tool for recording and assessing risk factors
- Dates of meetings are diarised for a full session, bearing in mind the potential issues under consideration, availability of core staff, dates of related meetings such as the Cluster PSGs, EYCAT and GIRFEC Liaison Group
- The minute of the group or action points are circulated to group members but considered the property of the school and therefore subject to the regulations regarding access. An extract of the portion of the minute referring to a specific child is made available to pupils and parents on request.



- Referrals come to the Pupil Support Group Chair via teaching staff, guidance staff, members of the Senior Management Team, Pupil Support and/or learning support team and the external members of the team
- Pupils and parents also have a mechanism through discussion with Named Person for self-referral
- The PSG Chair prioritises items to ensure that appropriate time is available for discussion. Where extended Team Around the Child (TAC) meetings are indicated, these are arranged separately and their deliberations brought to the group

10.0 Involvement of Children and Parents

Protocol for involving children and families

- Universal Support:
 - o Child and Family are consulted and informed of outcome of differentiation of tasks, activities or resources; where appropriate
 - o Information leaflet is passed on
- Targeted Support
 - Views of child and family are presented at PSG meeting or in advance of meeting via Wellbeing Assessment, Child & Young Person Report or similar.
 - o Any outcome or decision of the Pupil Support Group is communicated to child and family in whatever method has been agreed during initial discussions.

11.0 Quality Assurance

Schools undertake regular monitoring and review of Pupil Support Groups. As part of this process schools

- Gather the views of all stakeholders in respect of Named Person service
- Monitor the effectiveness of decisions made by the Pupil Support Group
- Contribute towards Education Service Quality Improvement Reviews
- Contribute towards East Dunbartonshire Council & Partners GIRFEC reviews
- Contribute towards data collection for DCYPP (Child Protection Committee) Performance Management Group

12.0 Advocacy and Children's Rights

All our practices are mindful of the need to promote children's rights and offer advocacy services. Children can self-refer to charities which offer Advocacy; for children who are Looked After, Who Cares offer this service.

13.0 Complaints



Children and families who wish to complain about any part of their experience within the Pupil Support or related groups contact the Named Person or Head of Centre in the first instance. Such complaints are handled in line with East Dunbartonshire Council Corporate Complaints Procedure.

Where complaints are within the domain of the ASL Act (amended 2009), other formal routes apply. Mediation and dispute resolution are provided by the education authority free of charge. For matters concerned with co-ordinated support plans, families appeal to the Additional Support Needs Tribunals for Scotland.